**Write a PL/SQL program to convert to return ASCII values, length of the character, and then to convert lower to upper case letters**.

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION asciiv(n IN CHAR) RETURN NUMBER IS

BEGIN

RETURN ASCII(n);

END;

/

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION len(n IN VARCHAR2) RETURN NUMBER IS

BEGIN

RETURN LENGTH(n);

END;

/

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION upp(n IN VARCHAR2) RETURN VARCHAR2 IS

BEGIN

RETURN UPPER(n);

END;

/

DECLARE

s VARCHAR2(60):='Vasanth';

av NUMBER;

cl NUMBER;

uc VARCHAR2(50);

BEGIN

cl:=len(s);

dbms\_output.put\_line('Length of the character ='||cl);

FOR i IN 1..cl LOOP

av:=asciiv(SUBSTR(s,i,1));

dbms\_output.put\_line('Character:'||SUBSTR(s,i,1)||' ASCII Value:'||av);

END LOOP;

UC:=upp(s);

dbms\_output.put\_line('Upper Case='||uc);

END;

/

